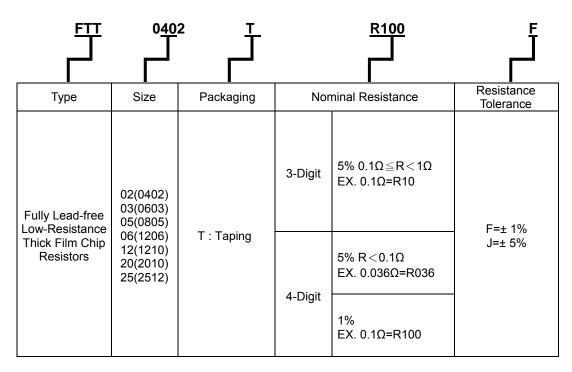


1 Scope:

- 1.1 This specification is applicable to fully lead-free and halogen-free FTT series Low-Resistance thick film chip resistors.
- 1.2 Fully lead-free products –No RoHS exemptions.
- 1.3 The product is for general electronic purpose.

2 Explanation of Part Numbers:

(EX)



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3 General Specifications:

Туре	Rated Power		Max. Overload	T.C.R	Resistance Range
туре	at 70℃	Current	Current	(ppm / ℃)	F(±1%) ∖ J(±5%) E-24 ∖ E-96
				±1500	$25 \text{ m}\Omega{\leq}R{<}37 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±1200	$37 \text{ m}\Omega{\leq}R{<}60 \text{ m}\Omega$
FTT0402	1	4 50 4		±600	$60 \text{ m}\Omega{\leq}R{<} 200 \text{ m}\Omega$
F11040Z	<u>1</u> 16	1.58A	3.95A	±300	200 m $\Omega \leq R <$ 400 m Ω
				±250	400 m $\Omega \leq R <$ 600 m Ω
				±200	$600 \text{ m}\Omega{\leq}R{<1000 \text{ m}\Omega}$
				±1500	$10 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 37 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±1200	$37 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 60 \text{ m}\Omega$
FTT0603	<u>1</u> 10	3.16A	7.91A	±600	$60 \text{ m}\Omega{\leq}R{<}100 \text{ m}\Omega$
	10			±300	100 m $\Omega \leq R <$ 200 m Ω
				±200	200 m $\Omega{\leq}R{<}$ 1000 m Ω
				±1500	10 m $\Omega{\leq}R{<}$ 19 m Ω
				±1200	19 m $\Omega{\leq}$ R $<$ 33 m Ω
FTT0805	$\frac{1}{8}$ W	3.53A	8.82A	±800	$33 \text{ m}\Omega{\leq}\text{R}{<}50 \text{ m}\Omega$
	8			±600	$50 \text{ m}\Omega{\leq}R{<}100 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±200	100 m $\Omega \leq R <$ 1000 m Ω
				±1500	$10 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 19 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±1200	$19 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 25 \text{ m}\Omega$
FTT1206	$\frac{1}{3}W$	5.77A	14.42A	±1000	$25 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 50 \text{ m}\Omega$
	3			±600	$50 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 100 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±200	$100 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 1000 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±1500	$10 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 19 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±1000	$19 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 25 \text{ m}\Omega$
-TT1210	$\frac{1}{2}W$	7.07A	17.67A	±700	$25 \text{ m}\Omega{\leq}R{<}50 \text{ m}\Omega$
	2			±400	50 m $\Omega{\leq}R{<}$ 100 m Ω
				±200	100 m $\Omega \leq R <$ 1000 m Ω
				±1500	$10 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 19 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±1200	19 m $\Omega{\leq}R{<}$ 25 m Ω
FTT2010	<u>3</u> W	8.66A	21.65A	±900	$25 \text{ m}\Omega \leq R < 50 \text{ m}\Omega$
	4			±500	50 mΩ≦R< 100 mΩ
				±200	100 mΩ≦R< 1000 mΩ
				±1500	10 mΩ≦R< 19 mΩ
			├	±1200	$19 \text{ m}\Omega \leq \text{R} < 25 \text{ m}\Omega$
FTT2512	1W	10A	25A	±900	$25 \text{ m}\Omega \leq \text{R} < 50 \text{ m}\Omega$
		15/1		±500	$50 \text{ m}\Omega \leq \text{R} < 100 \text{ m}\Omega$
				±200	$100 \text{ m}\Omega \leq \text{R} < 1000 \text{ m}\Omega$
	Operating To	mperature Ra	ana	1200	-55°C ~+155°C

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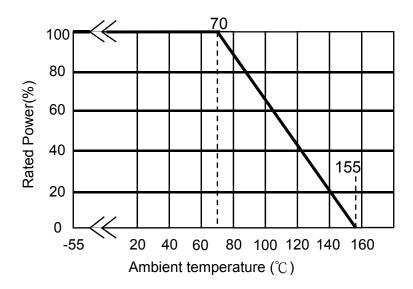
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3.1 Power Derating Curve:

Operating Temperature Range: -55° C ~ $+155^{\circ}$ C

If the ambient temperature exceeds 70 degrees centigrade to 155 degrees centigrade, the power can be modified by the curve as below.



3.2 Current Rating

Rated Current: The resistor shall have a DC continuous working current or a rms. AC continuous working current at commercial-line frequency and wave form corresponding to the power rating, as determined from the following:

$$I = \sqrt{P/R}$$

= Current rating (A)
P= Power rating (w)
R= Nominal resistance(Ω)

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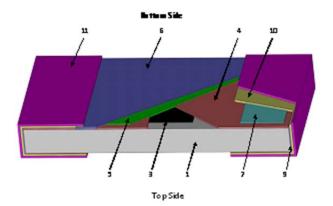
Unit:mm

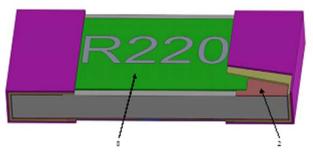
4 Dimensions:

R470	æ
	H

	Dimension					
		L	W	Н	L1	L2
Туре	Size Code					
FTT	0402	1.00±0.10	0.50±0.05	0.30±0.10	0.25±0.10	0.20±0.15
FTT	0603	1.60±0.10	0.80±0.10	0.45±0.10	0.25±0.15	0.35±0.15
FTT	0805	2.00±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.35±0.20	0.35±0.20
FTT	1206	3.05±0.10	1.55±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.45±0.20	0.55±0.25
FTT	1210	3.05±0.10	2.55±0.10	0.55±0.10	0.50±0.20	0.50±0.20
FTT	2010	5.00±0.20	2.50±0.20	0.60±0.10	0.65±0.20	0.65±0.20
FTT	2512	6.30±0.20	3.20±0.20	0.60±0.10	0.65±0.20	0.65±0.20

5 Structure Graph:





1	Ceramic substrate	7	2nd Bottom inner electrode
2	1st Top inner electrode	8	G2 layer + Marking
3	Resistive layer	9	Terminal inner electrode
4	Bottom inner electrode	10	Ni plating
5	1st Protective coating	11	Sn plating
6	2nd Protective coating		

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6 Reliability Test:

6.1 Electrical Performance Test

		Specifications
Item	Conditions	Resistors
	TCR (ppm / °C) = $\frac{(R2-R1)}{R1(T2-T1)} \times 10^{6}$ R1: Resistance at room temperature R2: Resistance at -55°C or +125°C T1: Room temperature T2: Temperature -55°C or +125°C Refer to JIS-C5201-1 4.8	Refer to item 3. general specifications
Short Time Overload	Applied 2.5 times rated current for 5 seconds and release the load for about 30 minutes, then measure its resistance variance rate. (Rated current refer to item 3. general specifications) Refer to JIS-C5201-1 4.13	1%
Dielectric Withstand Voltage	Put the resistor in the fixture, add VAC (see SPEC below) in +,- terminal for. FTT0402 \ 0603 apply 300 VAC 1 minute. FTT0805 \ 1206 \ 1210 \ 2010 \ 2512 apply 500 VAC 1 minute. Refer to JIS-C5201-1 4.7	No short or burned on the appearance.
Intermittent Overload	Put the tested resistor in chamber under temperature $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C and load 2.5 times rated DC current for 1 sec on, 25 sec off, 10000^{+400}_{-0} test cycles, then it be left at no-load for 1 hour, then measure its resistance variance rate. Refer to JIS-C5201-1 4.13	∆R%=±5.0%

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6.2 Mechanical Performance Test

Put the 105℃, 1 duration tempera Test me Test me The rest for 2 se observe Refer to © Test The test for 10 s © Test Soldering Heat © Test Preheat Electric Preheat step plat variance © Bend Solder to D:FTT0 FTT1	sistor be immersed into solder pot in temperature $235\pm5^{\circ}$ C ac, then the resistor is left as placed under microscope to ed its solder area. b JIS-C5201-1 4.17 method 1 (Solder pot test): sted resistor be immersed into molten solder of $260+5/-0^{\circ}$ C seconds. Then the resistor is left in the room for 1 hour. method 2 (Solder pot test): sted resistor be immersed into molten solder of $260+5/-0^{\circ}$ C seconds. Then the resistor is left as placed under cope to observe its solder area. method 3 (Electric iron test): ting temperature : $350\pm10^{\circ}$ C e iron preheating time : $3+1/-0$ sec ting the electric iron on electrode termination, as after that aced the iron over 60 min. and measured its resistance the rate. b JIS-C5201-1 4.18 ling Strength: tested resistor on to PC boardadd force in the middle down, der load measured its resistance variance rate.	Test item 1: (1).Variance rate on resistance: $\Delta R\%=\pm 2.0\%$ Test item 2: (1).Solder coverage over 95%. (2).The underlying material (such as ceramic) shall not be visible a the crest corner area of the electrode. Test item 3: (1).Variance rate on resistance: $\Delta R\%=\pm 2.0\%$
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Solder t and unc D:FTT0 FTT1	tested resistor on to PC boardadd force in the middle down, der load measured its resistance variance rate.	
and und D:FTT0 FTT1	der load measured its resistance variance rate.	
FTT1		
	402 \ 0603 \ 0805=5mm	
F112	206 \ 1210=3mm	
	2010 · 2512=2mm	
	Resistor Testing circuit boord	
Joint Strength	Salder Supporting jig	
of Solder	' → ^{ch} d→	
	Chip resistor	
	BZ20	
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
L	(Amount of band)	
	OHM Meter	
Refer to	DJIS-C5201-1 4.33	
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6.3 Environmental Test

Item	Conditions	Specifications	
nem	Conditions	Resistors	
	Put tested resistor in chamber under temperature $155\pm5^{\circ}$ C for 1000 +48/-0 hours. Then leaving the tested resistor in room temperature for 60 minutes, and measure its resistance variance rate.(FTT0603 for $125\pm3^{\circ}$ C)	1%	
	Refer to JIS-C5201-1 4.25		
Thermal Shock	Put the tested resistor in the chamber under the Thermal Shock which shown in the following table shall be repeated 300 times consecutively. Then leaving the tested resistor in the room temperature for 1 hours, and measure its resistance variance rate. Testing Condition Lowest Temperature -55±5°C Highest Temperature 125±5°C Temperature-retaining time 15 minutes each Refer to MIL-STD 202 Method 107	1%	
Loading Life in Moisture	Put the tested resistor in the chamber under temperature 40±2°C, relative humidity 90~95% and load the rated current for 90 minute on, 30 minutes off, total 1000 hours. Then leaving the tested resistor in room temperature for 60 minutes, and measure its resistance variance rate.	1%	
Load Life	Put the tested resistor in chamber under temperature 70±2°C and load the rated current for 90 minutes on, 30 minutes off, total 1000 hours. Then leaving the tested resistor in room temperature for 60 minutes, and measure its resistance variance rate. Refer to JIS-C5201-1 4.25		

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7 Measurement Point:

Bottom electrode			Unit : mm
A	DIM TYPE	Α	В
	FTT0402	0.80±0.05	0.24±0.05
	FTT0603	1.35±0.05	0.35±0.05
	FTT0805	1.80±0.05	0.35±0.05
	FTT1206	2.90±0.05	0.35±0.05
• Current Terminal	FTT1210	2.90±0.05	0.35±0.05
Voltage Terminal	FTT2010	4.50±0.05	1.15±0.05
	FTT2512	5.90±0.05	1.60±0.05

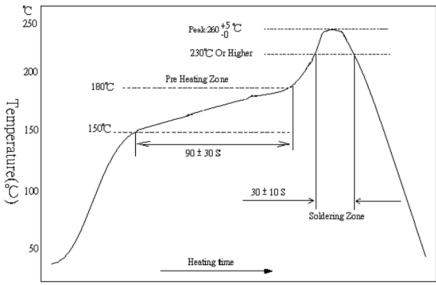
8 Plating Thickness:

- **8.1 Ni**:≧2μm
- **8.2 Sn(Tin)**:≧**3** μ m
- 8.3 Sn(Tin):Matte Sn

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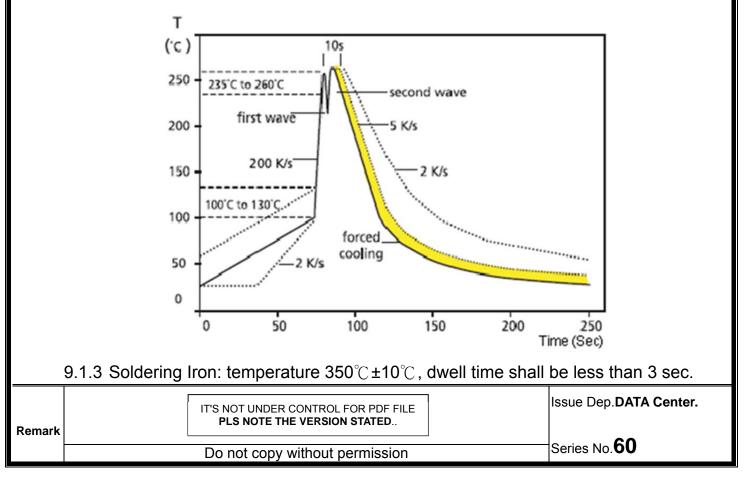


- 9 Technical application notes: (This is for recommendation, please customer perform adjustment according to actual application)
 - 9.1 Recommend Soldering Method:
 - 9.1.1 Lead Free IR Reflow Soldering Profile



Remark: The peak temperature of soldering heat is 260 +5/-0 $\,\,{}^\circ\!{}_{\rm C}\,$ for 10 seconds

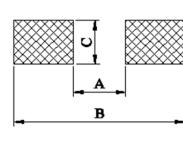
9.1.2 Lead Free Double-Wave Soldering Profile.(This applies to 0603 size inclusive above products)

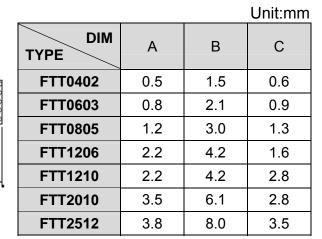




9.2 Recommend Land Pattern Design (For Reflow Soldering)

When a component is soldered, the resistance after soldering changes slightly depending on the size of the soldering area and the amount of soldering. When designing a circuit, it is necessary to consider the effect of a decrease or increase in its resistance.





9.3 Environment Precautions:

This specification product is for general electronic use, ABCO will not be responsible for any damage, cost or loss caused by using this specification product in any special environment. If other applications need to confirm with ABCO.

If consumer intends to use our Company product in special environment or condition (including but not limited to those mentioned below), then will need to make individual recognition of product features and reliability accordingly.

- (a) Used in high temperature and humidity environment
- (b) Exposed to sea breeze or other corrosive gas, such as Cl2
 H2S
 NH3
 SO2 and NO2.
- (c) Used in non-verified liquids including water, oil, chemical and organic solvents.
- (d) Using non-verified resin or other coating material to seal or coat our Company product.
- (e) After soldering, it is necessary to use water-soluble detergents to clean residual solder fluxes, even though no-clean fluxes are recommended.

9.4 Momentary Overload Precautions:

The product might be out of function when momentary overloaded. Please make sure to avoid momentary overloading while using and preserving.

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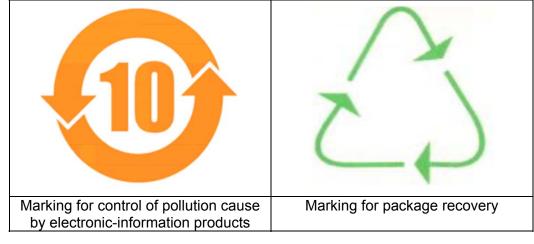


- 9.5 Operation and Processing Precautions:
 - (a) Avoid damage to the edge of resistor and protective layer caused by mechanical stress.
 - (b) Handle with care when printing circuit board (PCB) is divided or fixed on support body, because bending of printing circuit board (PCB) mounting will make mechanical stress for resistors.
 - (c) Make sure the power rating is under the limit when using the resistor. When power rating is over the limit, the resister will be overloaded. There might be machinery damage due to the climbing temperature.
 - (d) If the resister will be exposed under massive impact load (shock wave) in a short period of time, the working environment must be set up well before use.
 - (e) Please make evaluation and confirmation when the product is well used in your company and have a through consideration of it's fail-safe design to ensure the system safety.

10 Storage and transportation requirement:

- 10.1 The temperature condition must be controlled at 25±5°C, the R.H. must be controlled at 60±15%. The stock can maintain guality level in two years.
- 10.2 Please avoid the mentioned harsh environment below when storing to ensure product performance and its' weldability. Places exposed to sea breeze or other corrosive gas, such as Cl2
 VH2S
 VH3
 SO2 and NO2.
- 10.3 When the product is moved and stored, please ensure the correct orientation of the box. Do not drop or squeeze the box. Otherwise, the electrode or the body of the product may be damaged.

11 The carton packaged for electronic-information products is made by the symbol as follows: (for China)



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